## Oil-in-water microfluidics on the colloidal scale: new routes to selfassembly and the glass transition

M. Meissner<sup>1\*</sup>, A.M. Seddon<sup>1,2</sup>, J. E. Eggers<sup>3</sup> and C. Patrick Royall<sup>1,4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>H. H. Wills Physics Laboratory, University of Bristol, Tyndall Avenue, Bristol, UK
<sup>2</sup>Bristol Centre for Functional Nanomaterials, University of Bristol, Tyndall Avenue, Bristol, UK
<sup>3</sup>School of Mathematics, University of Bristol, University Walk, Bristol, UK
<sup>4</sup>School of Chemistry, University of Bristol, Bristol, UK

\*m.meissner@bristol.ac.uk

Microfluidic emulsification is a field largely focused on water-in-oil systems due their applications in lab on a chip technology. Current work on the inverse oil-in-water systems largely concerns droplets with sizes on the order of 10s of micrometres, large enough that Brownian motion is negligible [1,2]. Reducing the length scale to the colloidal range opens a wide range of new possibilities. In particular, emulsion droplets form exciting colloidal model systems, as they have negligible friction at their surfaces, with intriguing consequences for the jamming-glass transient crossover [3], and absorption of, for example, lipids enables new and exciting directions in self-assembly[4].

Here we introduce a new methodology to produce a colloidal model system of fluorescently labelled emulsion droplets suitable for particle resolved studies with confocal microscopy [4]. To this end, we demonstrate a reliable method of generating a wide range of oil in water emulsions at the micron length scale. We have developed Norland Optical Adhesive (NOA) flow focusing devices inspired by [6], the excellent solvent compatibility and surface properties of NOA allowing generation of droplets of a variety of oils with polydispersity as low as 3%. The structures we analyse in 3d with confocal microscopy and reveal a new thermal system to tackle the crossover between jamming and the glass transition [3].

<sup>[1]</sup> Clusel, Maxime, et al. "A 'granocentric' model for random packing of jammed emulsions." *Nature* 460.7255 (2009): 611-615.

<sup>[2]</sup> Desmond, Kenneth W., et al. "Experimental study of forces between quasi-two-dimensional emulsion droplets near jamming." *Soft Matter* 9.12 (2013): 3424-3436.

<sup>[3]</sup> Charbonneau, Patrick, et al. "Fractal free energy landscapes in structural glasses." *Nature communications* 5 (2014).

<sup>[4]</sup> Leunissen, Mirjam E., et al. "Switchable self-protected attractions in DNA-functionalized colloids." *Nature materials* 8.7 (2009): 590-595.

<sup>[5]</sup> Ivlev, Alexei, et al. Complex Plasmas and Colloidal Dispersions: Particle-Resolved Studies of Classical Liquids and Solids. World Scientific, 2012.

<sup>[6]</sup> Anna, Shelley L., Nathalie Bontoux, and Howard A. Stone. "Formation of dispersions using "flow focusing" in microchannels." *Applied physics letters*82.3 (2003): 364-366.